

After shocks Monetary Policy Review

SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK MONETARY POLICY FORUM

25 April 2023

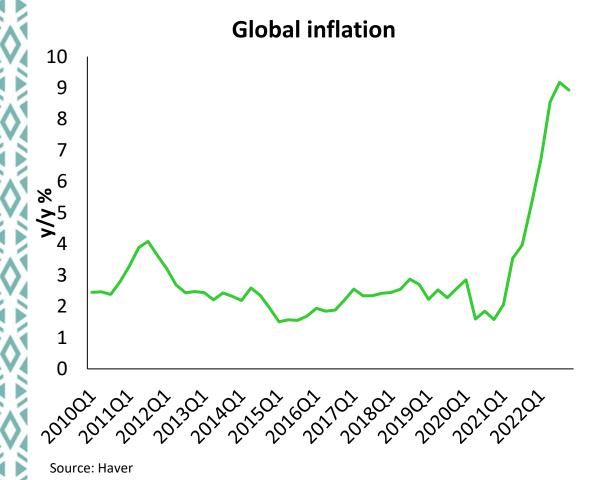




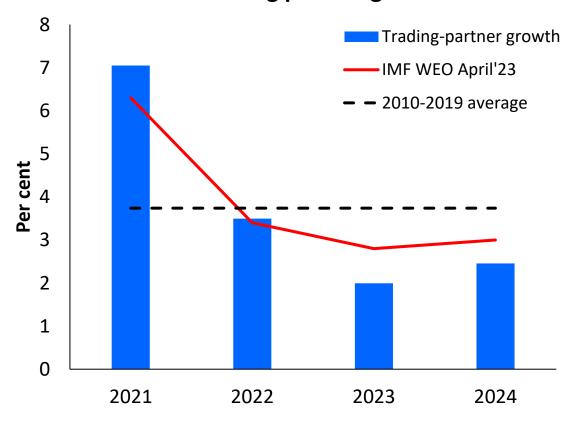
- Global inflation high and more persistent, growth outlook muted
- AE policy rates markedly higher, future path uncertain
- Structural constraints impacting SA growth severely, but...
- HHs, private sector investment holding up
- Current account back in deficit, expected to remain there
- Headline inflation has peaked, but long road to midpoint...
- Heightened upside inflation risks



Global stagflationary conditions have entrenched



Trading partner growth

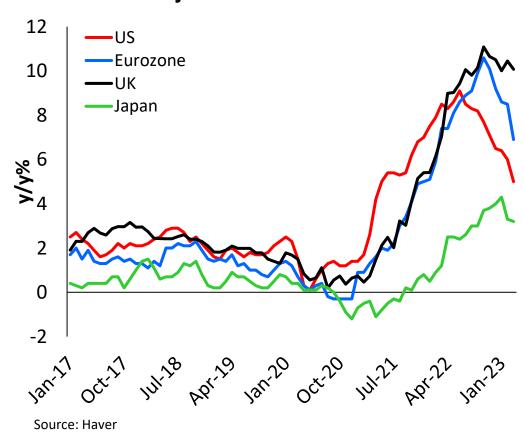


Source: SARB and IMF

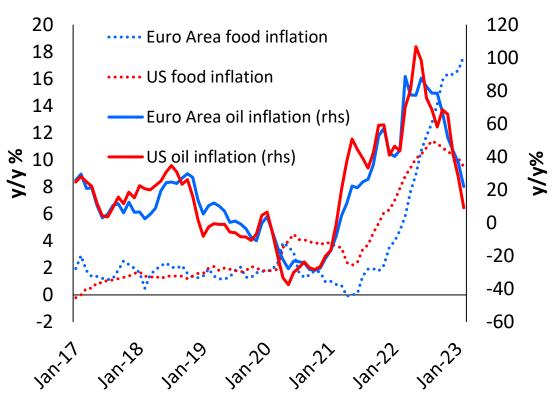


Headline inflation remains elevated across major AEs Slight moderation on account of lower food & energy inflation

Major AE headline inflation



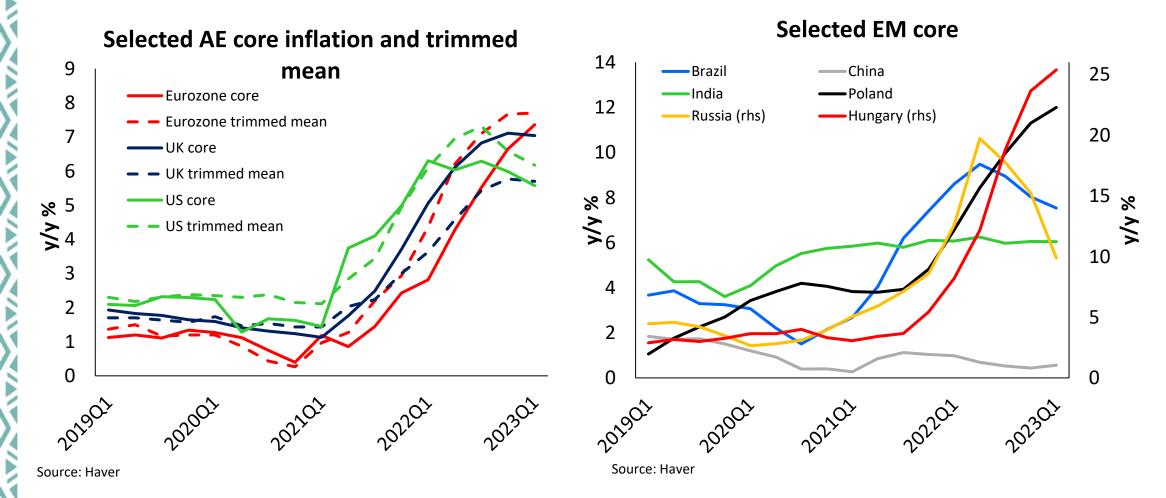
Eurozone and US food and oil inflation



Source: Haver

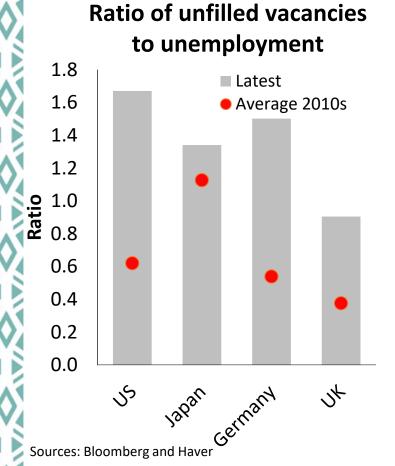


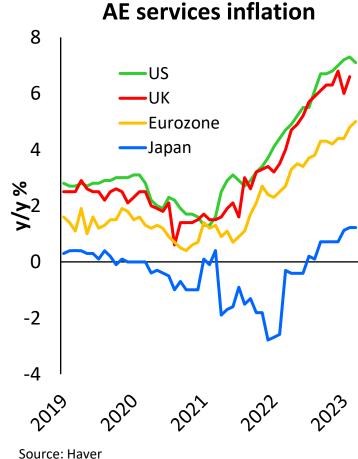
Spurred by sharply higher underlying inflation

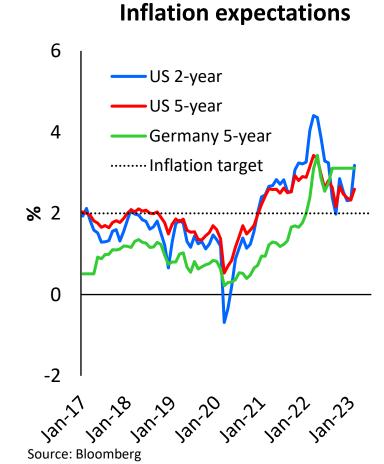




...while DD/SS imbalances persist in several markets Expectations elevated

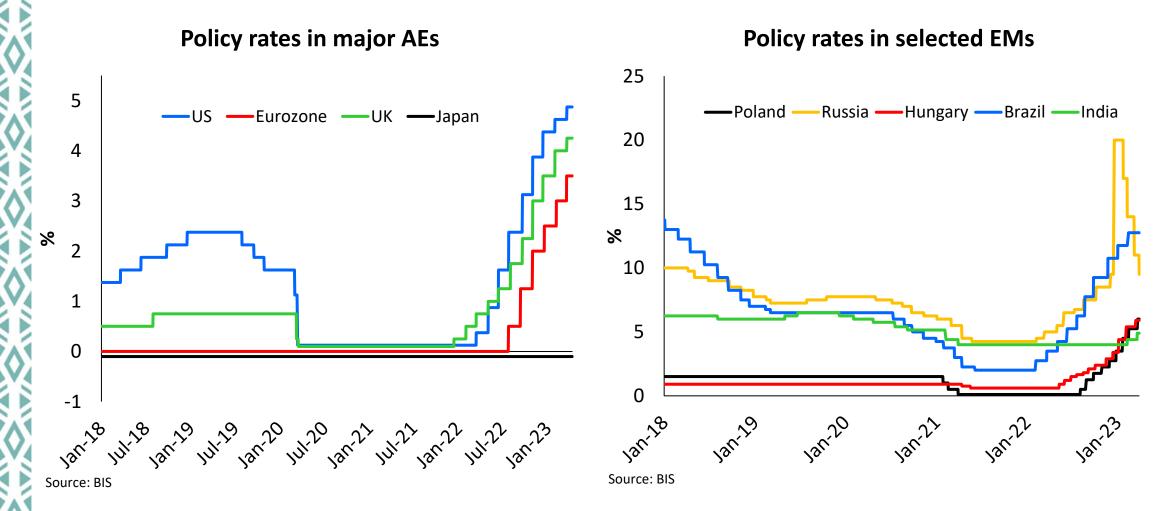








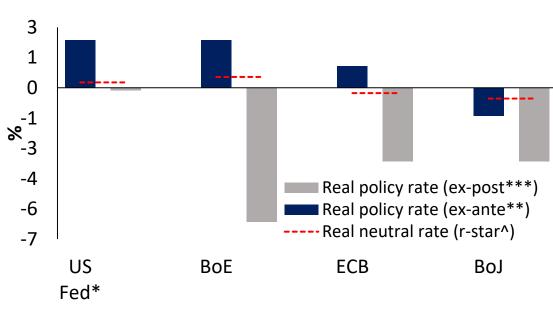
CBs have had to hike policy rates to stem the spread of inflation...





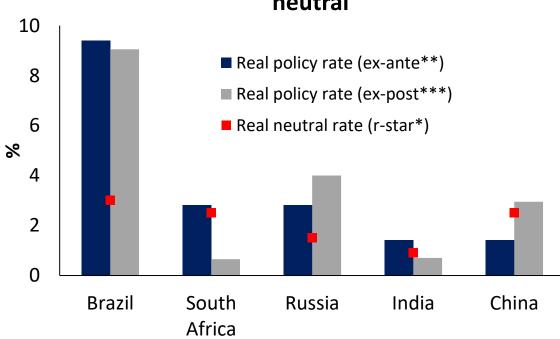
...and policy becoming increasingly tight in many jurisdictions

Advanced economies real policy rates vs. neutral



Source: Central Banks, Haver

Emerging economies real policy rates vs. neutral



Source: Central Banks, Consensus Economics

^{*}Based on US average Fed funds rate

^{**} Current nominal monetary policy rate less 2024Q2 headline CPI forecast

^{***}Current nominal rate less current month headline CPI

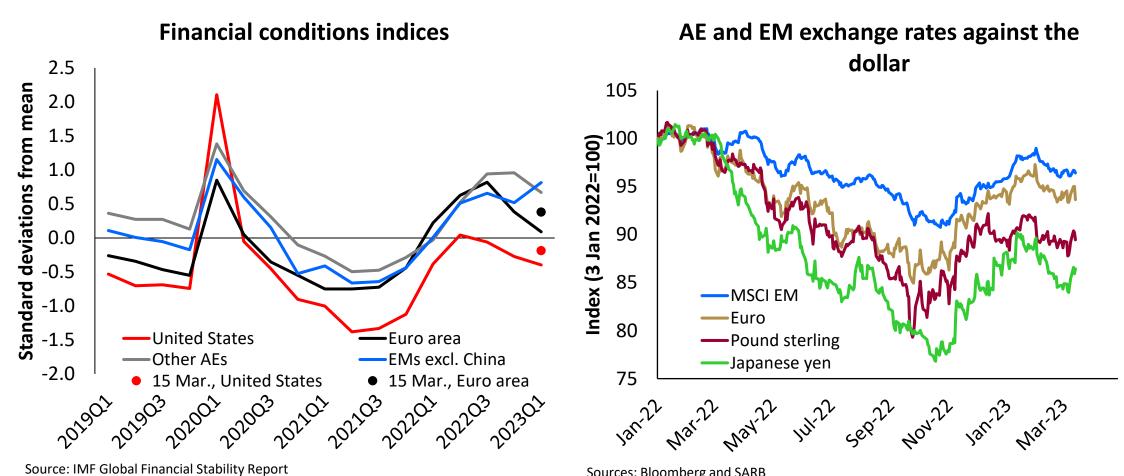
[^] Nominal neutral rate less the inflation target

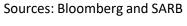
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^{***} Current nominal rate less current month headline CPI

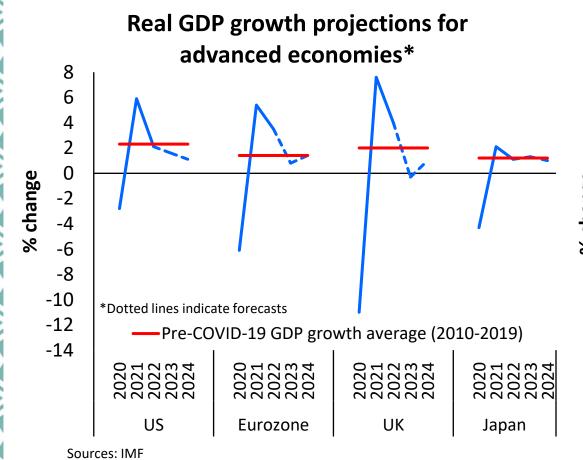
Financial conditions also tightening on bank stresses; FX rates recover ... to aid in the inflation fight

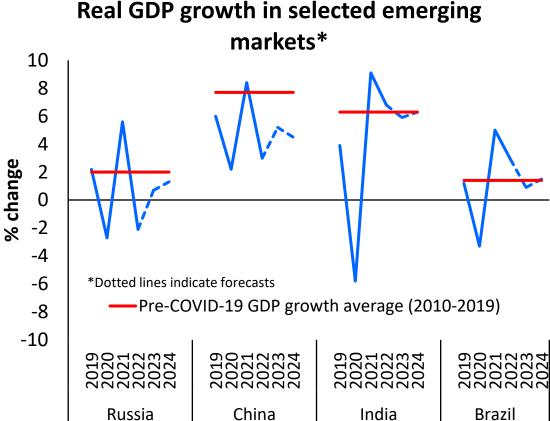






...exerting pressures on global growth: outlook fragile



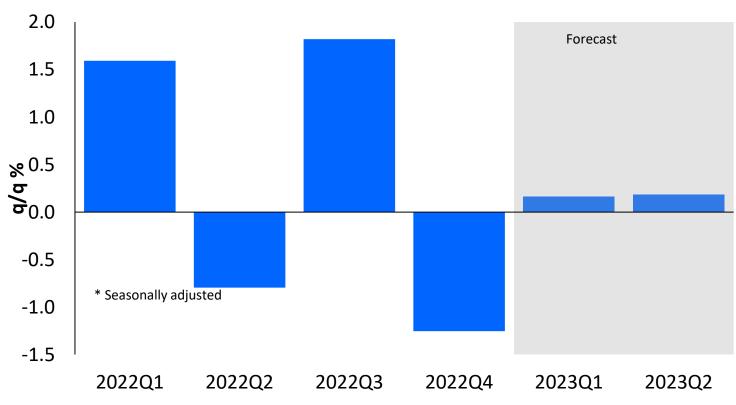


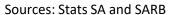
Sources: IMF



GDP growth in SA also fragile (but for different reasons)

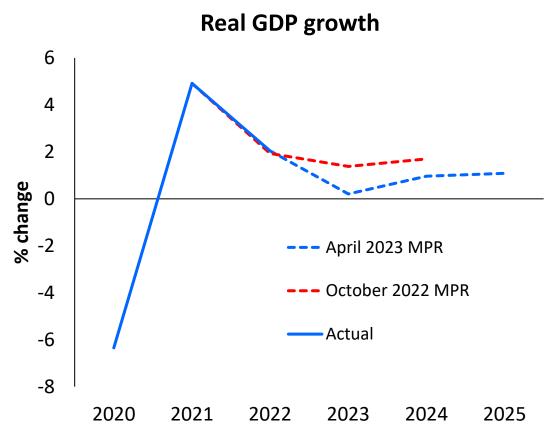
Real gross domestic gross product*

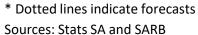


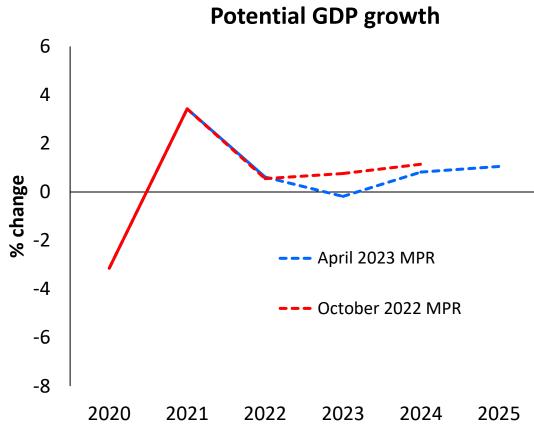


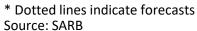


Medium-term growth downgraded markedly...



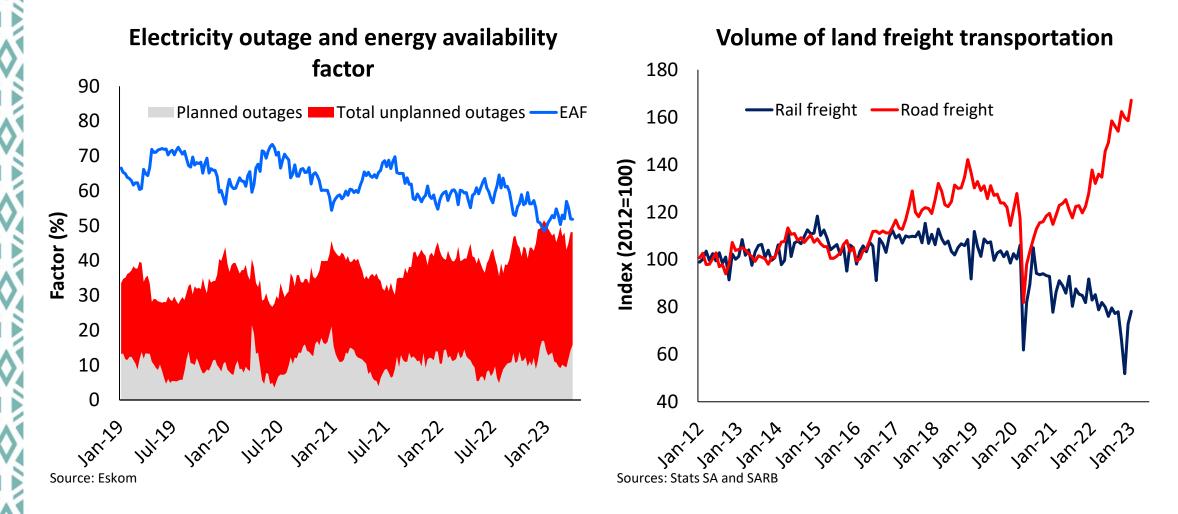






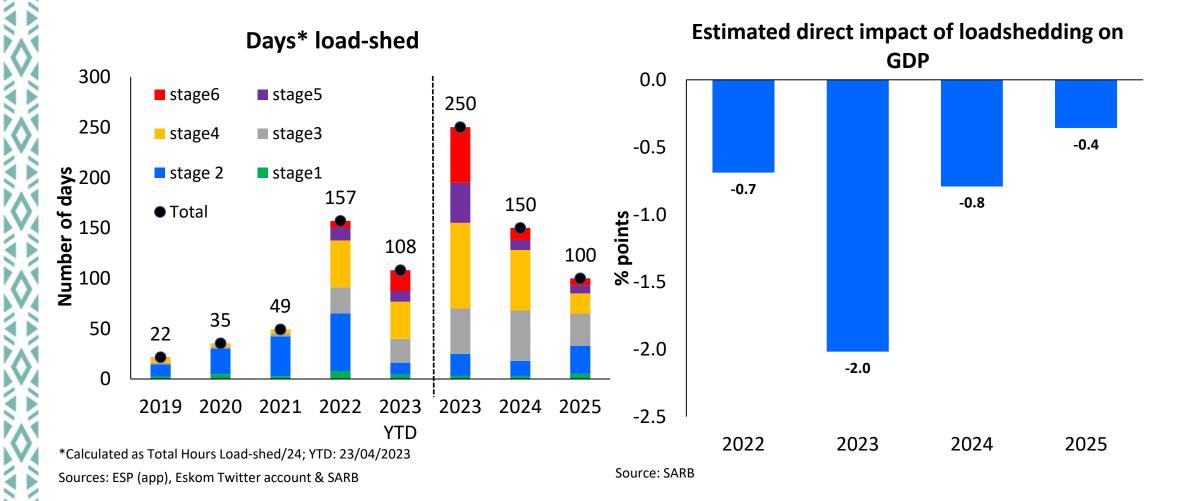


...due to ongoing failures in parts of basic economic infrastructure





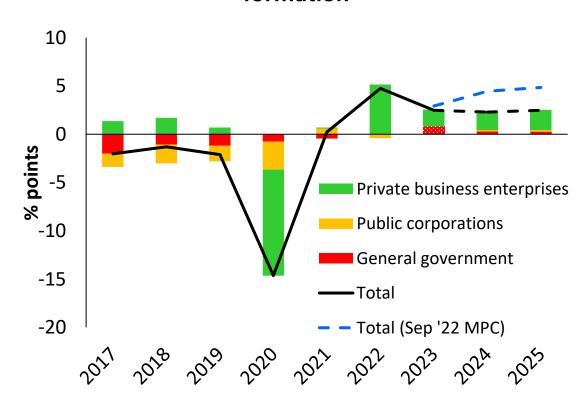
Load-shedding expected to persist, with marked adverse economic impacts





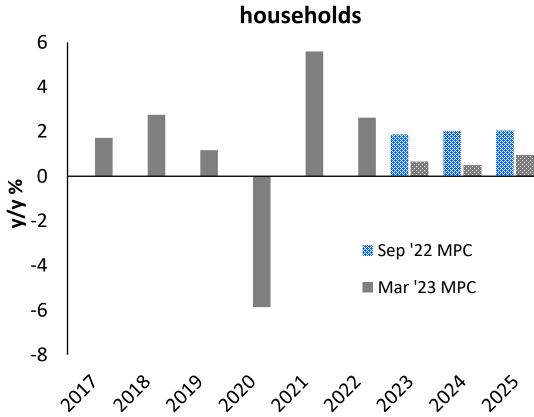
But resilience on the demand side

Contributions to gross fixed capital formation



Sources: Stats SA and SARB

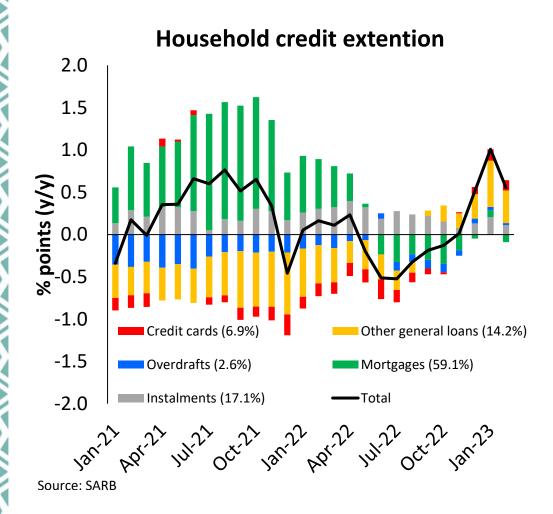
Final consumption expenditure of households



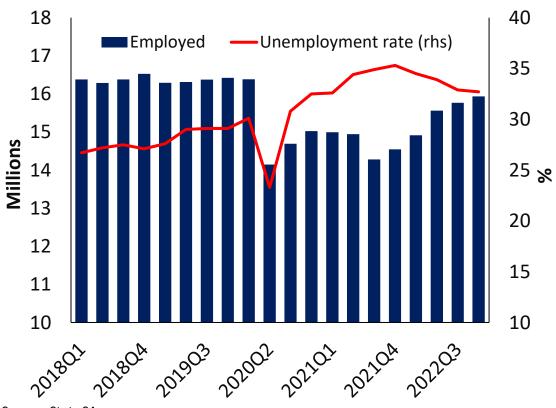
Sources: Stats SA and SARB



Credit demand relatively strong while employment has continued to recover



Labour market trends

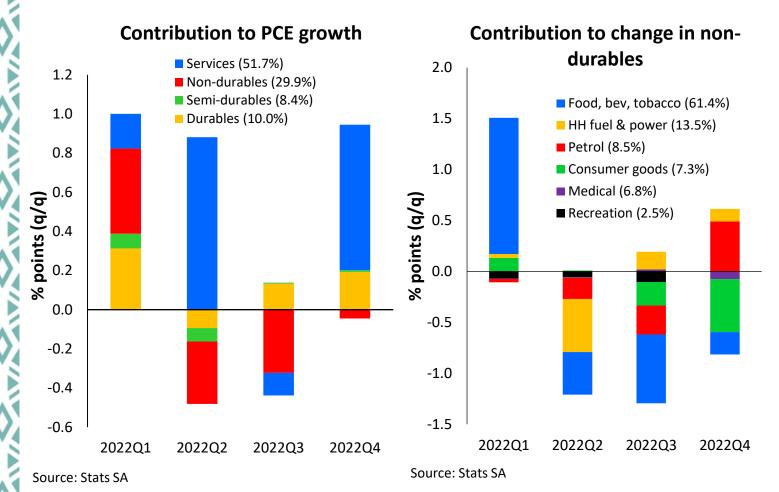


Source: Stats SA

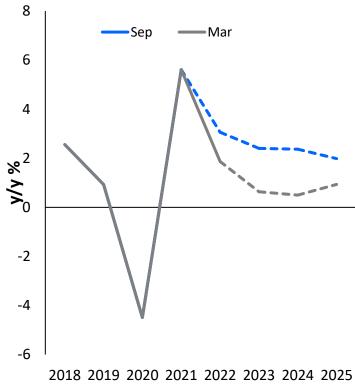


However, some signs of pressures on HHs

... spend on food down; but durables up



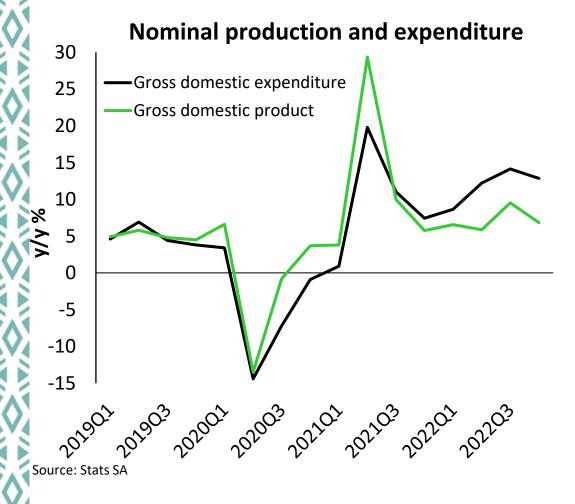
Real disposable income



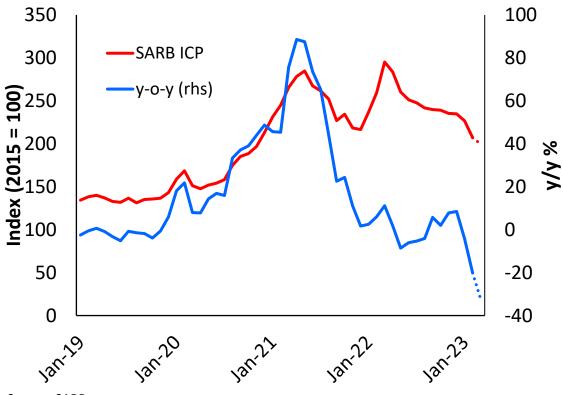
Sources: Stats SA and SARB



Strong demand buoy M, X depressed by domestic idiosyncrasies, weak global demand



Commodity prices: SARB ICP

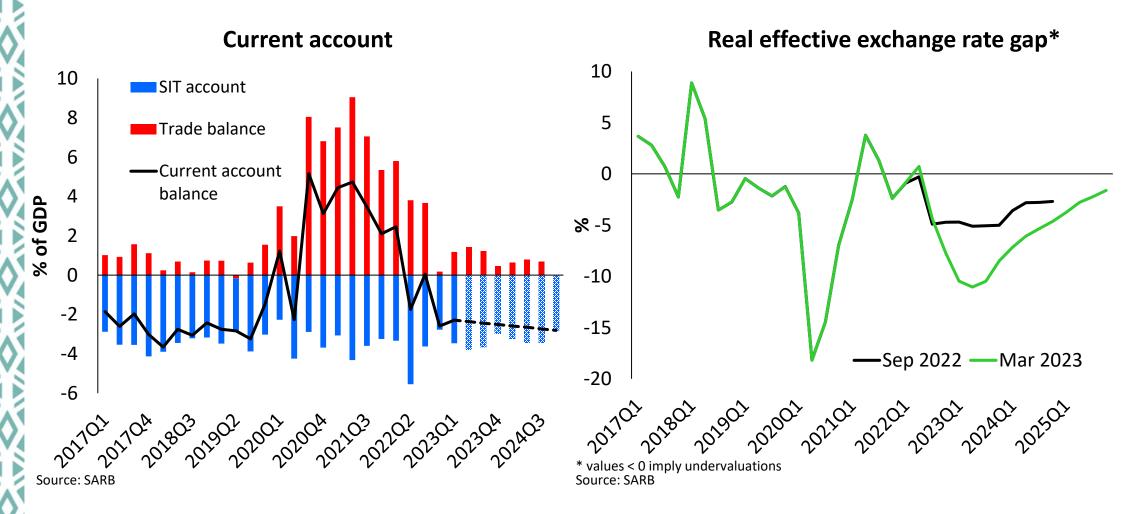






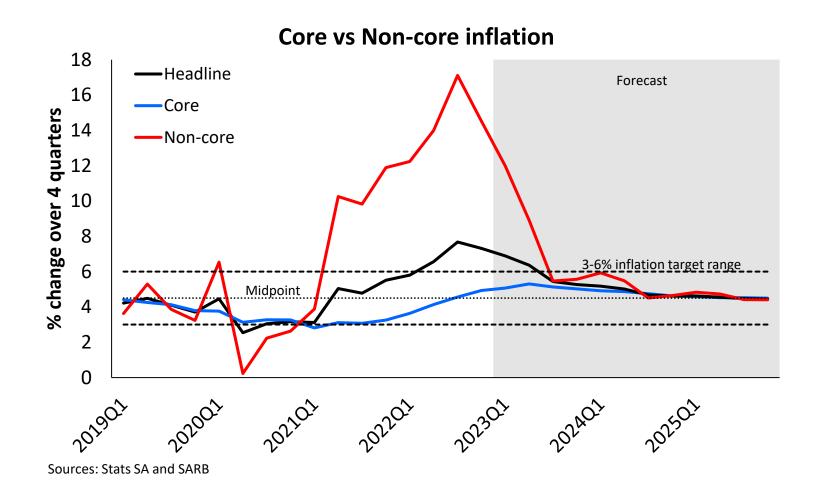
...causing a marked deterioration in external accounts

Rand sharply depreciated, gap not closing



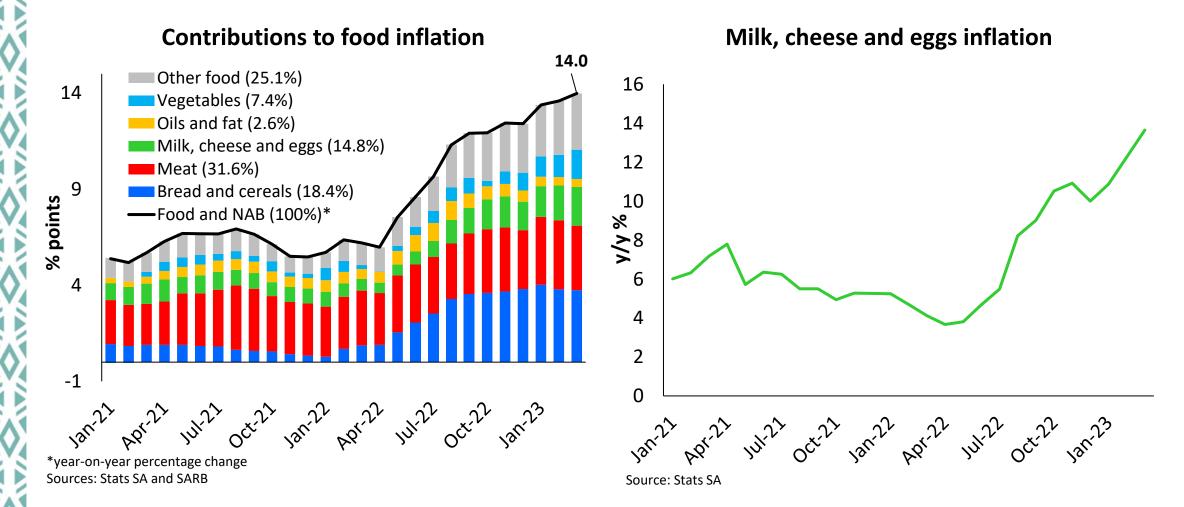


Domestic inflation remains elevated and persistent – long walk to midpoint ... upside pressures from food, electricity and core inflation



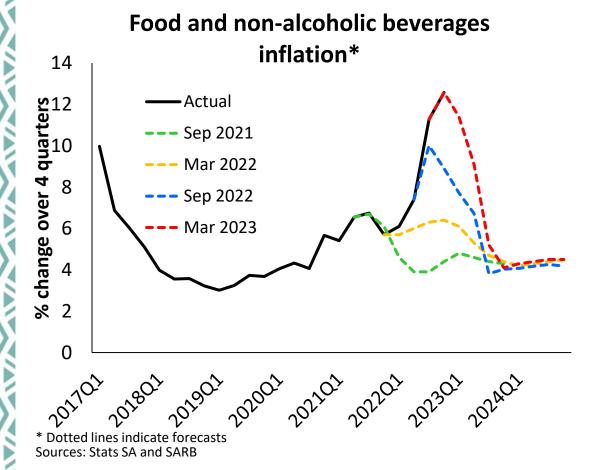


Domestic factors & weaker rand explain persistence in food inflation

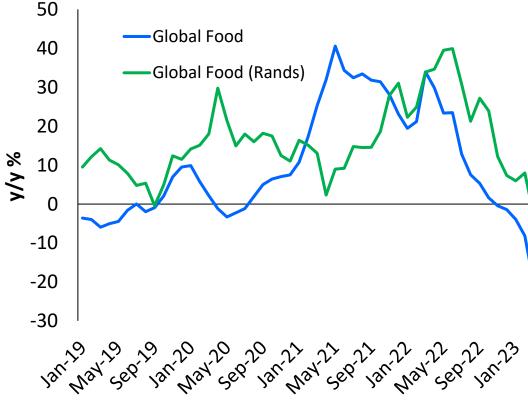




Food inflation remains an upside risk to headline



Global food vs Global food (Rands)

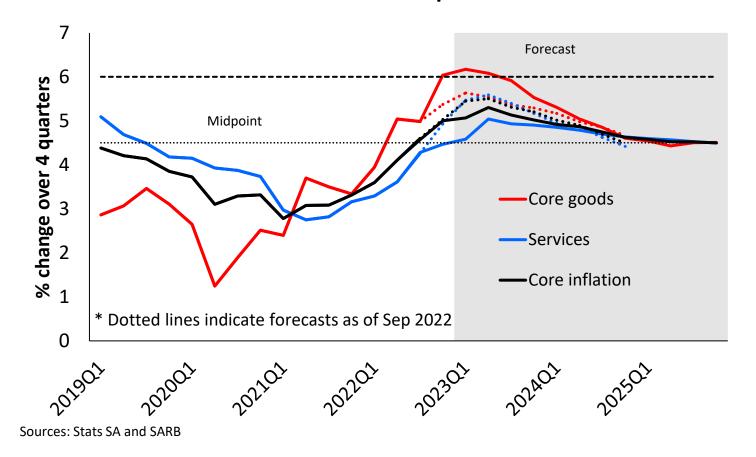


Source: UN FAO and SARB



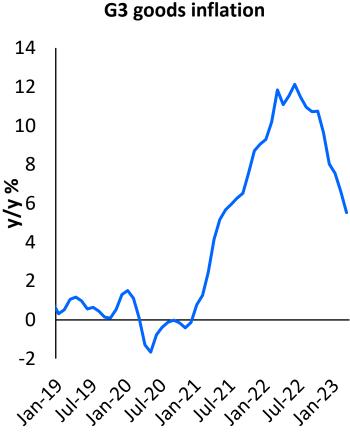
Core inflation to remain elevated; pulled higher by core goods

Core inflation components*

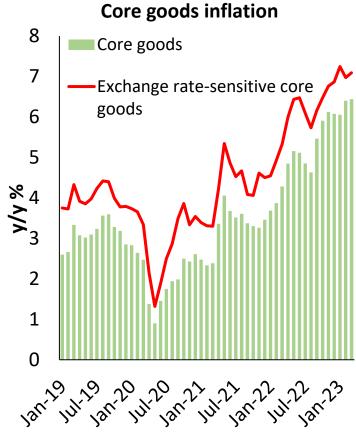




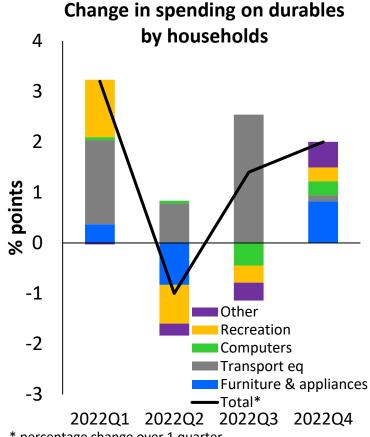
Core goods higher on both global and domestic factors









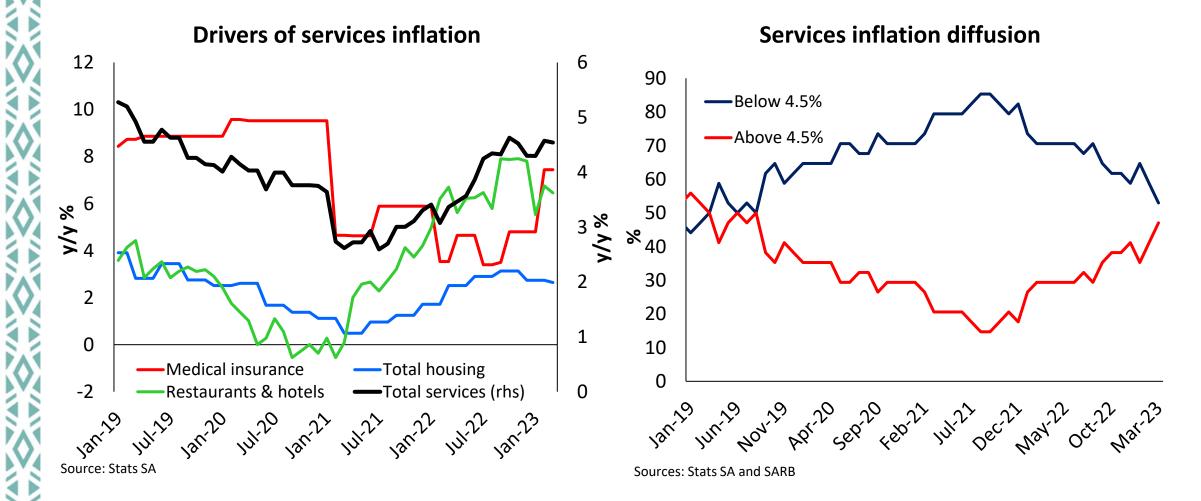


* percentage change over 1 quarter

Source: Stats SA



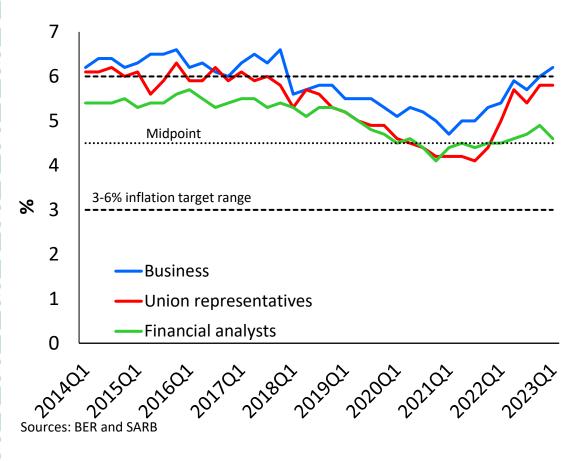
Services inflation continues its gradual rise amid broadening pressures...



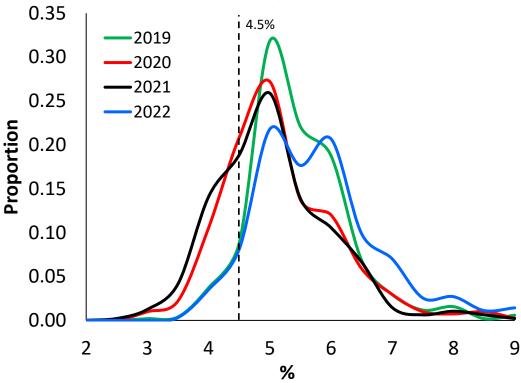


... with risks from (de-anchoring?) inflation expectations...

Two-years-ahead inflation expectations



Distribution of two-years-ahead business inflation expectations



Sources: BER and SARB



... and load-shedding

Commercial perspectives on Eskom's rolling blackouts: Shoprite hikes prices by more than 9% amid spiralling food inflation, load What does loadshedding cost businesses? shedding costs Sakeliga member survey Nick Wilson Gift article Bookmark Comments news24 As is expected, loadshedding presents a substantial challenge for member businesses. Our findings are summarised below: · Power cuts are leading to considerable estimated losses in revenue Substantial additional spending is being incurred to mitigate the impact of power cuts. Loadshedding is disrupting SA agriculture and agribusiness activities © 23 Jan by Wandile Sihlobo | Jan 18, 2023 | Agricultural Environment and Natural Resource | o comments WATCH | Farm dumps almost 12 000 litres of milk in one day due to load shedding Karl Gernetzky Bloomberg Comments news24 **Paarl Post**

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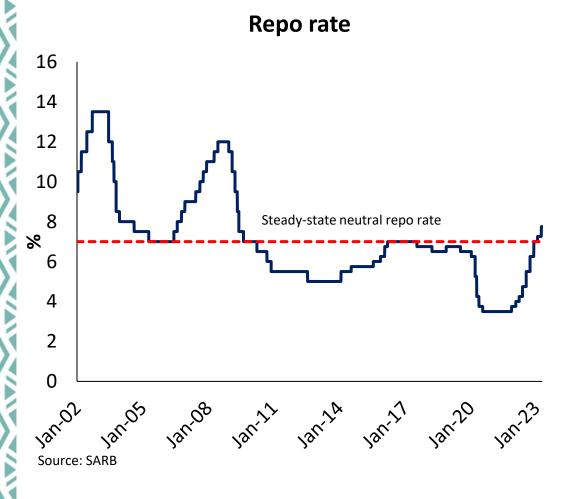
Economics

Food Prices Hit 14-Year High as South **Africa Power Cuts Escalate**

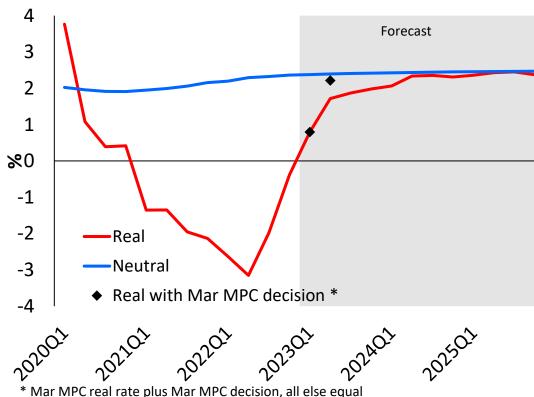
- Rising food prices may keep interest rates higher for longer
- Headline inflation slowed to eight-month low of 6.9% in Jan.



Nominal repo above steady-state neutral; real repo closing in on neutral real



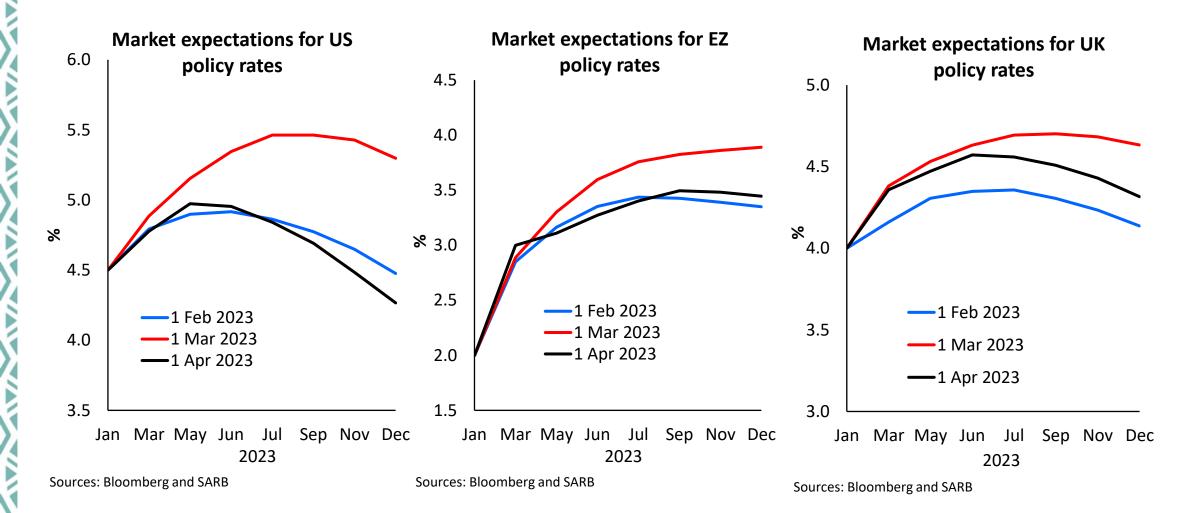
Real and neutral repo rates



* Mar MPC real rate plus Mar MPC decision, all else equal Source: SARB

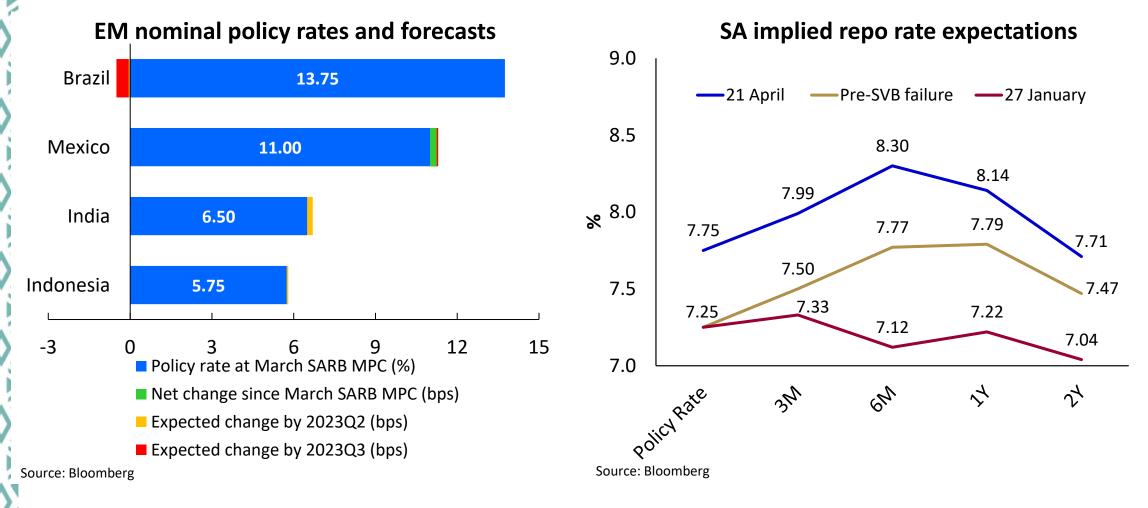


In AEs, policy rate paths repriced lower on the back of banking sector stress ...but rate increases still expected





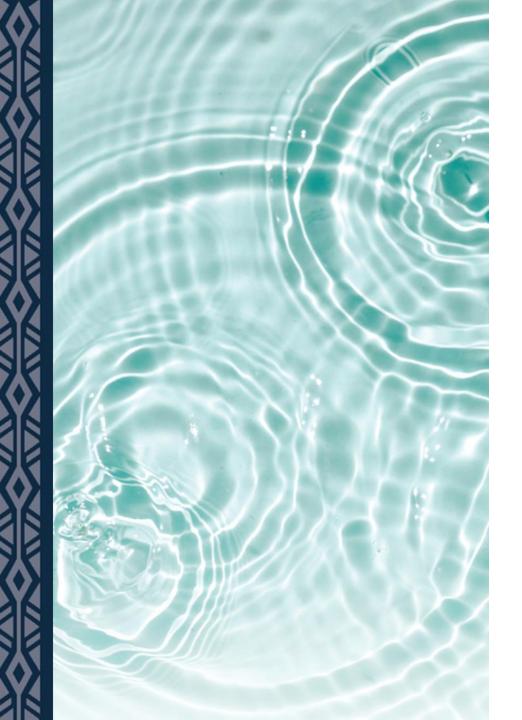
EMs are largely expected to pause







- Global inflation high and persistent... raising questions on the efficacy of policy
- Forecasts project global growth to remain subdued on tighter financial conditions, ...
- ...yet markets somewhat bearish on rates...will financial conditions loosen prematurely?
- Domestic food and core inflation high and sticky, keeping headline elevated
- Real repo rate in neutral region, but inflation pressures persist, expectations sharply higher ...
- Has sustained target breach caused a de-anchoring of inflation expectations?



THANK YOU

